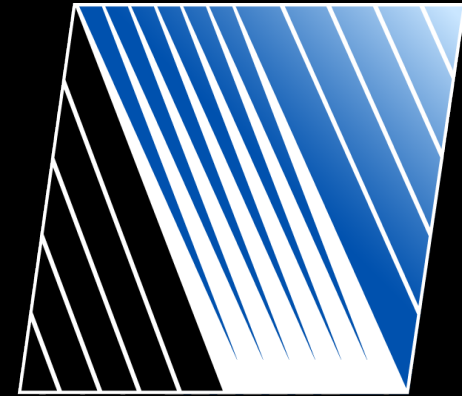


# Industrial Computational Breakthroughs on Blue Waters

Blue Waters Symposium, May 12, 2015

Seid Korić PhD  
Technical Program Manager  
Associate Adjunct Professor

[koric@illinois.edu](mailto:koric@illinois.edu)



# NCSA



# Think Big !

## Supercomputing in Engineering ? A view from 2003

“It is amazing what one can do these days on a dual-core laptop computer. Nevertheless, the appetite for more speed and memory, if anything is increasing. There always seems to be some calculations that ones wants to do that exceeds available resources. It makes one think that computers have and will always come in one size and one speed: **“Too small and too slow”**. **This will be the case despite supercomputers becoming the size of football fields !”**

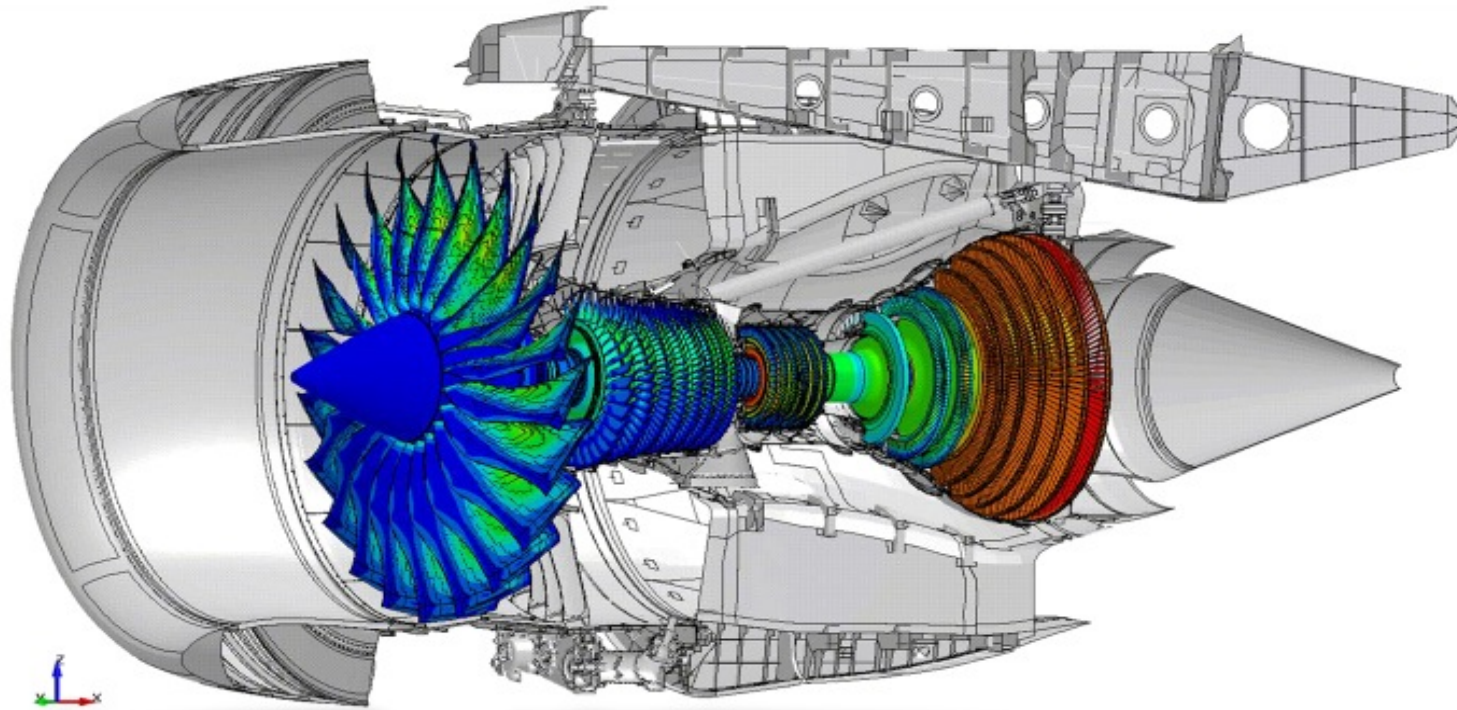


**Prof. Tom Hughes, 2003, President of  
International Association for  
Computing Mechanics-IACM**



# A vision from our Industrial Partner

Dr. Yoon Ho, Rolls Royce, ISC14



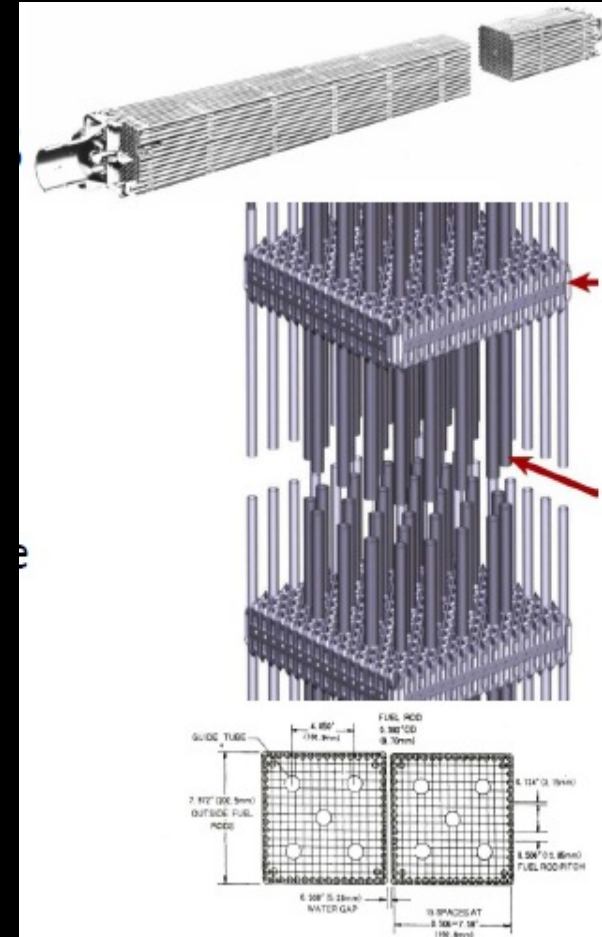
## High fidelity virtual engine simulation and design

- > 1 trillion degrees of freedom (DOF)
- > 1 billion core hours per calculation

# Direct Numerical Simulation of the Multiphase Flow in Nuclear Reactor Core (year 2060 ?)

Prof. Igor Bolotnov, NCSU, HPC-User Forum 9/2014

- About 160 fuel Assemblies (17x17 each, 4m long)
- Reynolds Number of 5,000 (typical reactor condition)
- Mesh Size 40,000T elements
- Should run up to 320B cores at 128K elements/core
- Would resolve 13.6B bubbles at average 1% void fraction
- Remember : **Number of Grid Points  $\sim Re^{9/4}$**



# Private Sector Program at NCSA

Solve industry's most demanding  
HPC challenges

Aerospace, agriculture, consumer  
goods, energy, life sciences, health  
care, and technology sectors

Largest HPC industry engagement  
program in the World



Manufacturing



Rolls-Royce



CAT

P&G



JOHN DEERE

ExxonMobil

Upstream Research

bhpbilliton



Energy

Technology

DataDirect NETWORKS



CRAY



allinea

Charmworks



DELL

QUESTEK INNOVATIONS LLC



Technology

Life Sciences

MAYO CLINIC



AGRIBLE

syngenta



PRAIRIE RESEARCH INSTITUTE



ILLINOIS APPLIED RESEARCH INSTITUTE



THE DARK ENERGY SURVEY

MILWAUKEE INSTITUTE



Institutes

# Industrial Application Breakthroughs on Blue Waters !

15,000+ cores     **LS-DYNA** (Cray, LSTC, Rolls Royce, P&G, NCSA)

100,000+cores     **Star-CCM+** (CD-Adapco, Cray, NCSA)

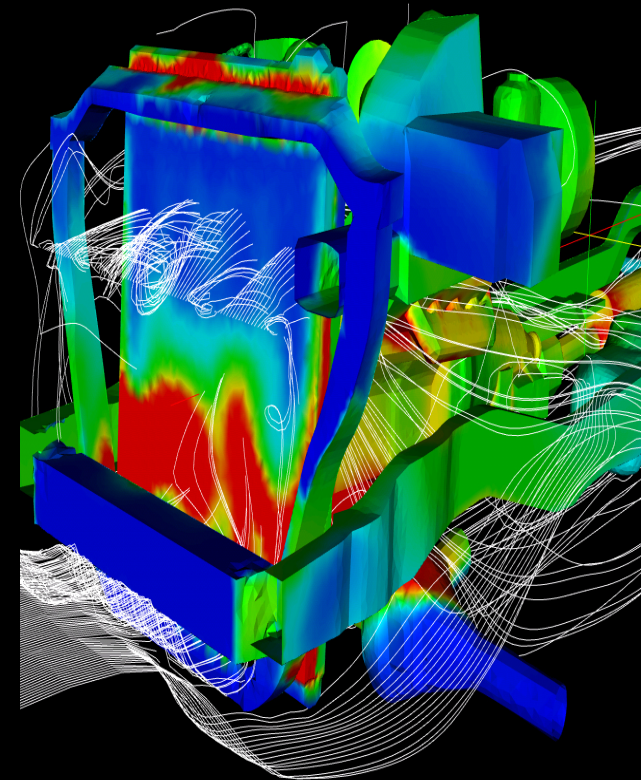
36,000+cores     **Ansys-Fluent** (Ansys Inc., Cray, Dell, NCSA)

65,000+cores     **WSMP** (IBM-Watson, NCSA, BSC)

512 XK7 nodes     **ACCEL\_WSMP** (Nvidia, IBM-Watson, NCSA)

100,000+ cores     **Alya** (BSC and NCSA)

**Abaqus over CLE and Gemini** (Simulia DS, Cray, NCSA, NDA)

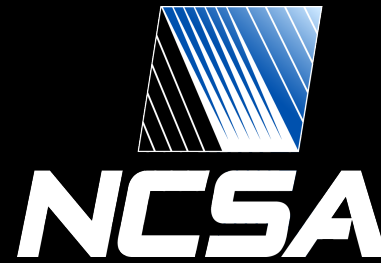


# Explicit FEA LS-DYNA

NCSA Private Sector Program,  
Procter & Gamble, LSTC, and Cray

Real geometry, loads, boundary conditions,  
highly non-linear transient dynamic  
problem with difficult (eroding) contact  
conditions

MPP and Hybrid DYNA solvers ported and  
optimized for Cray Linux and “Gemini”  
interconnect



Livermore Software Technology Corporation

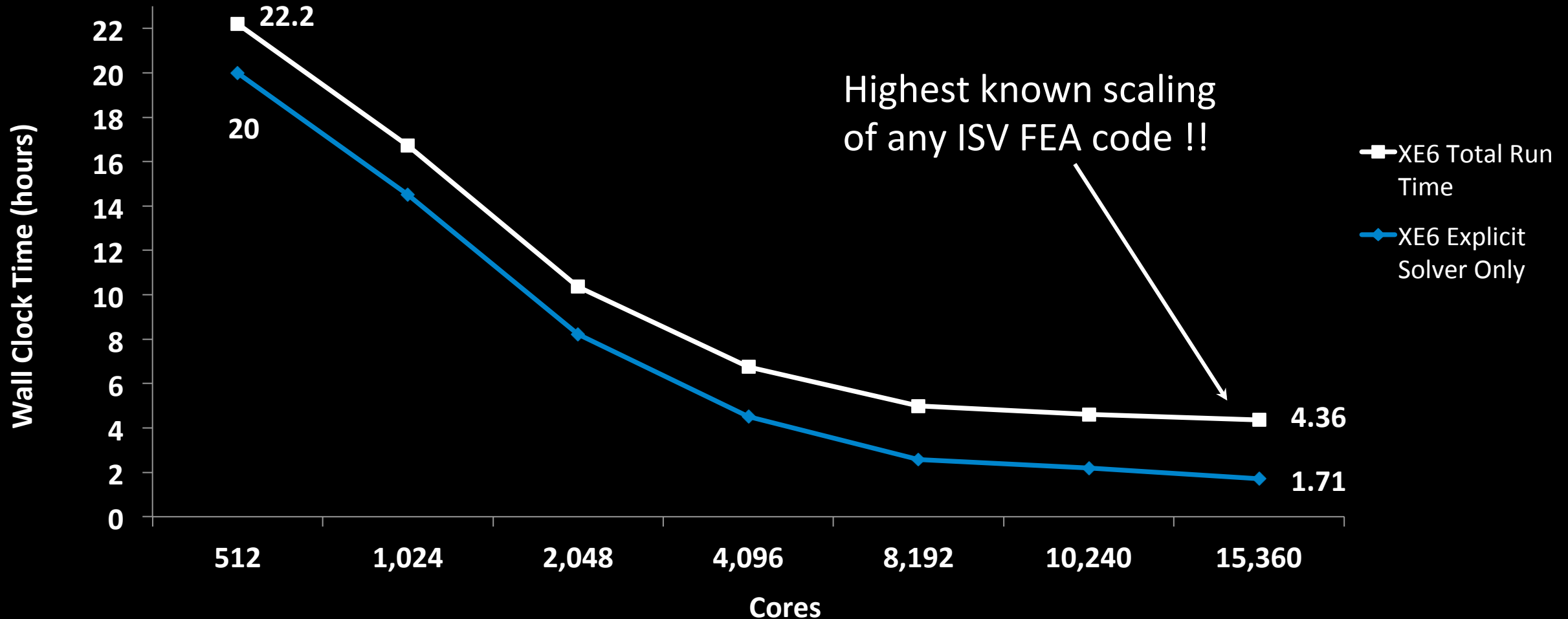




# LS-DYNA Scalability

From 400 days with serial execution to 4.3 hours on 15,000 cores !

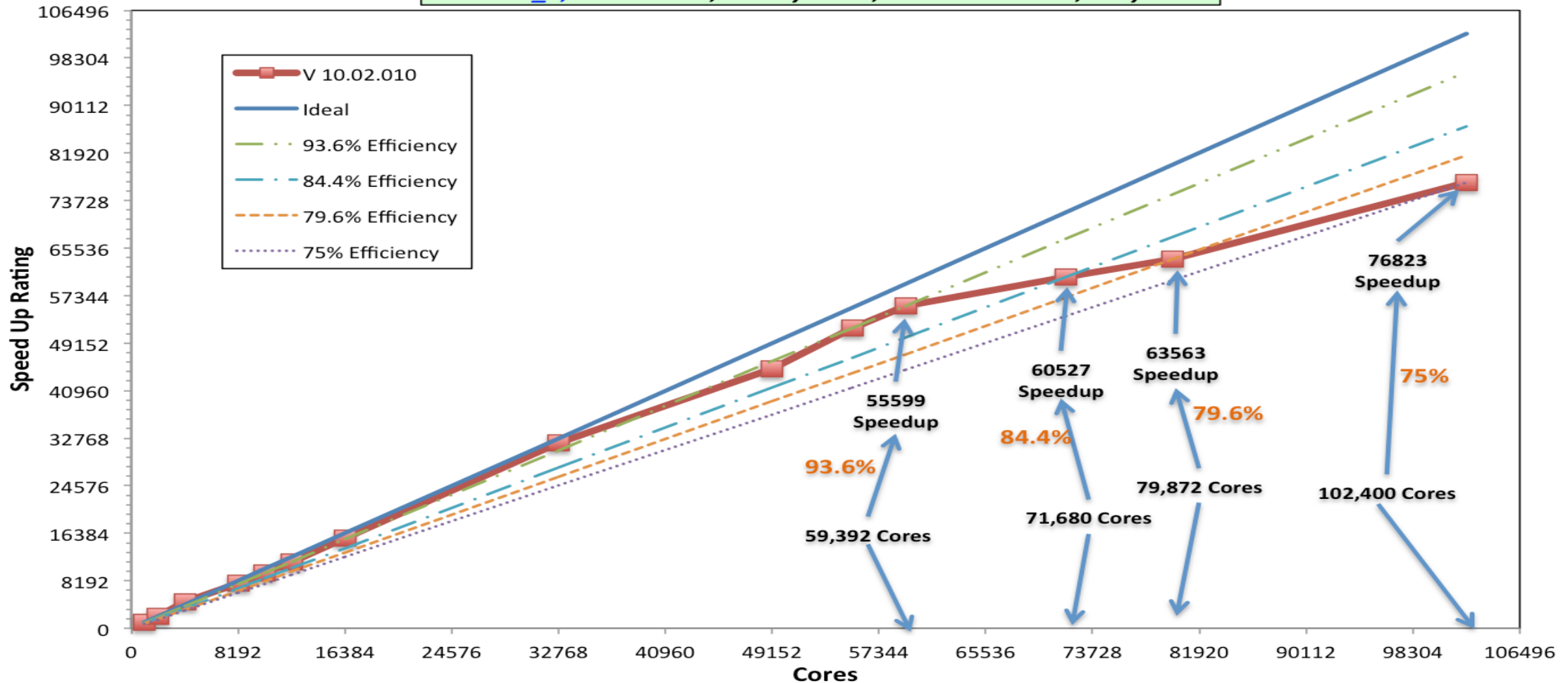
Hybrid LS-DYNA Parallel Scalability on NCSA's Blue Waters  
P&G Case, 72M nodes, Wallclock Time (Seconds); Lower= Better



# ISV CFD Scaling Breakthrough

Dr. Ahmed A. Taha, NCSA

National Center for Supercomputing Applications (NCSA)  
Star Extreme Benchmarking V.10.02.010  
Blue Waters (Cray CLE6)  
"LeMans\_1,002M" Case, Steady State, COUPLED Solver, May 2015



# Alya-Power of Multiphysics on the Extreme HPC Scale

Designed by the Barcelona Supercomputer Center as a multiphysics parallel FEA code

Unstructured spatial discretization, explicit and implicit integration in time

Staggered schemes (with iterations) for coupled physics on a single mesh

Mesh partitioning and hybrid parallel implementation

Uses built-in iterative CG solver with various preconditioning techniques

Highly modular, with each module representing a different physics; easy to combine them at job launch

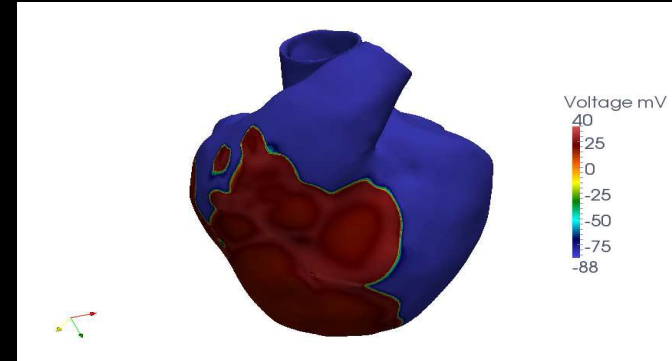
Ported to Blue Waters in 2014

**Top Supercomputing Achievement Hpcwire Readers Choice at SC 2014 !**

# 2 Real-World Cases Solved with Alya on Blue Waters

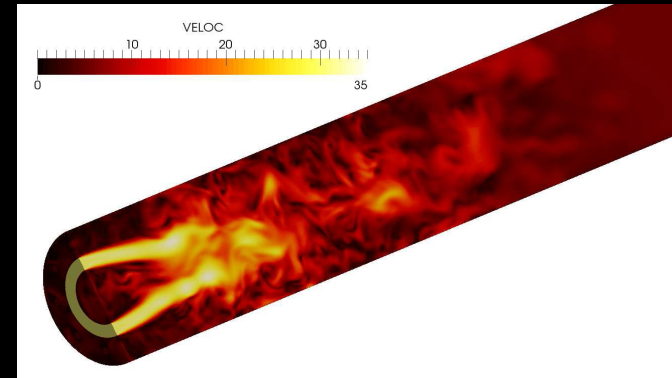
## Human Heart

Non-linear solid mechanics  
Coupled with electrical propagation  
3.4 billion elements, scaled to 100,000 cores



## Kiln Furnace

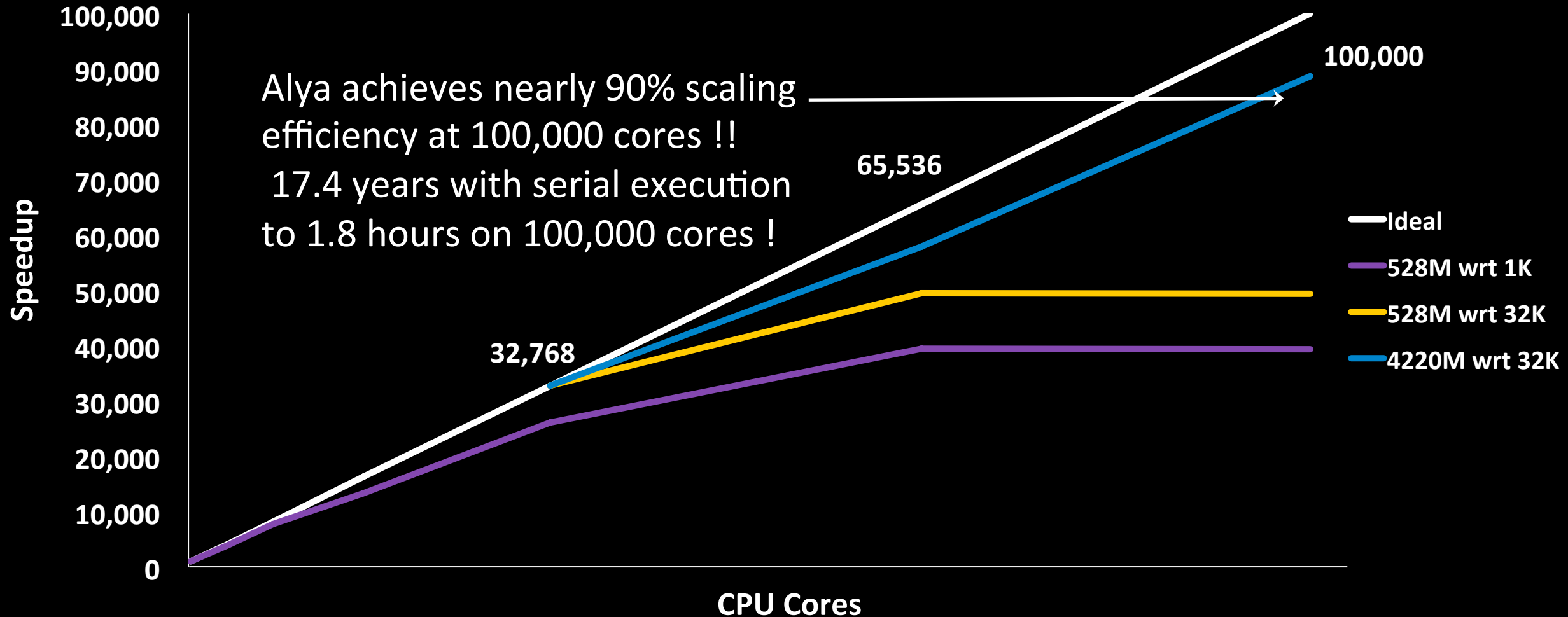
Transient incompressible turbulent flow  
Coupled with energy and combustion  
4.22 billion elements, scaled to 100,000 cores



# Alya – Kiln Furnace

BSC “Alya” on NCSA Blue Waters; 4.22 Billion Elements

Transient incompressible turbulent flow coupled with energy and combustion



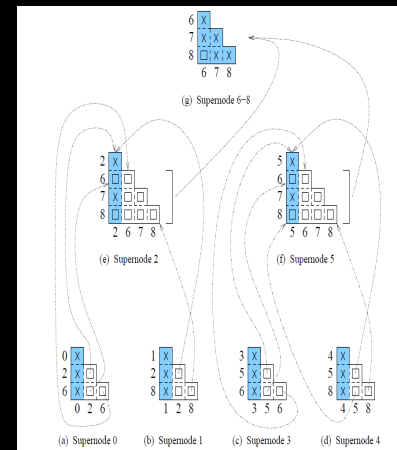
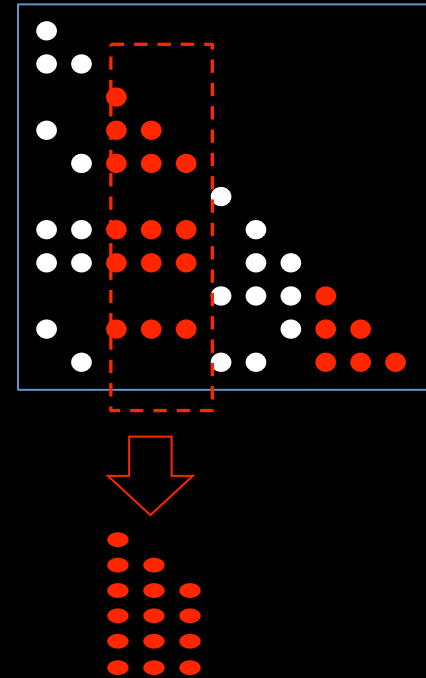
# Massively Parallel Linear Solvers in Implicit Codes

- Implicit code spends 70-80% of time solving large systems of linear equations,  $Ax=b$ , where  $A$  is sparse i.e., most coefficients are zero
- A wide range of applications: finite element solid mechanics, computational fluid dynamics, geo-physics, circuit design, linear programming etc.
- Used for nonlinear problems in every NR iteration

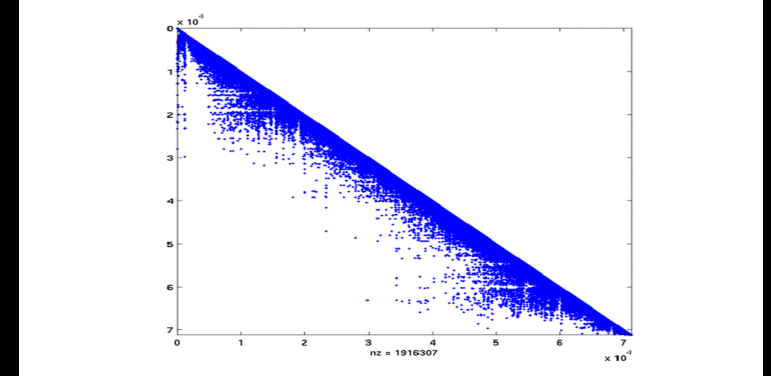
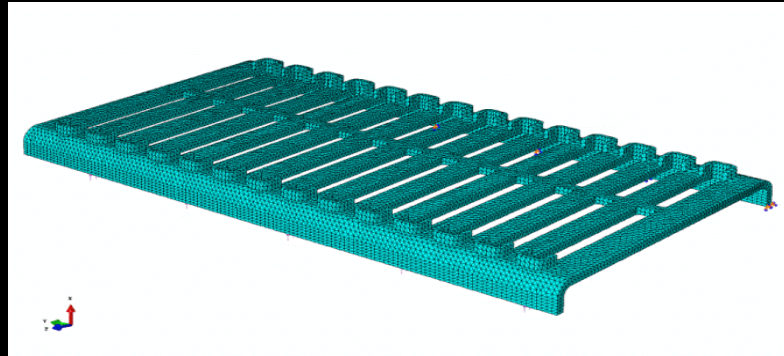
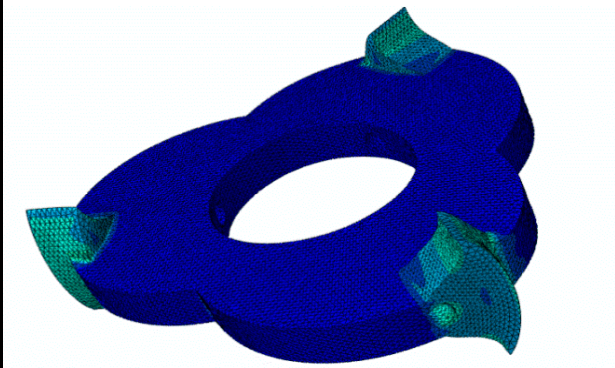
$$\begin{aligned} \left[ \mathbf{K}_{i-1}^{t+\Delta t} \right] \left\{ \Delta \mathbf{U}_{i-1} \right\} &= \left\{ \mathbf{P}^{t+\Delta t} \right\} - \left\{ \mathbf{S}_{i-1}^{t+\Delta t} \right\} \\ \left\{ \mathbf{U}_i^{t+\Delta t} \right\} &= \left\{ \mathbf{U}_{i-1}^{t+\Delta t} \right\} + \left\{ \Delta \mathbf{U}_{i-1} \right\} \end{aligned}$$

# Sparse Direct Multifrontal Algorithm in Watson Sparse Matrix Package -WSMP

- Highly robust but memory expensive, often the only choice for ill-conditioned problems, but often more efficient than iterative solver for less ill-conditioned problems
- LU Decomposition introduces new non-zeros "fill-ins"
- Reordering of columns and rows is used to minimize "fill-ins"
- Collections of columns with similar non-zero pattern- Supernodes are detected during symbolic factorization
- Operations on Supernodes provide opportunity for dense matrix math operations with BLAS operations
- Hybrid Implementation (MPI and p-threads)



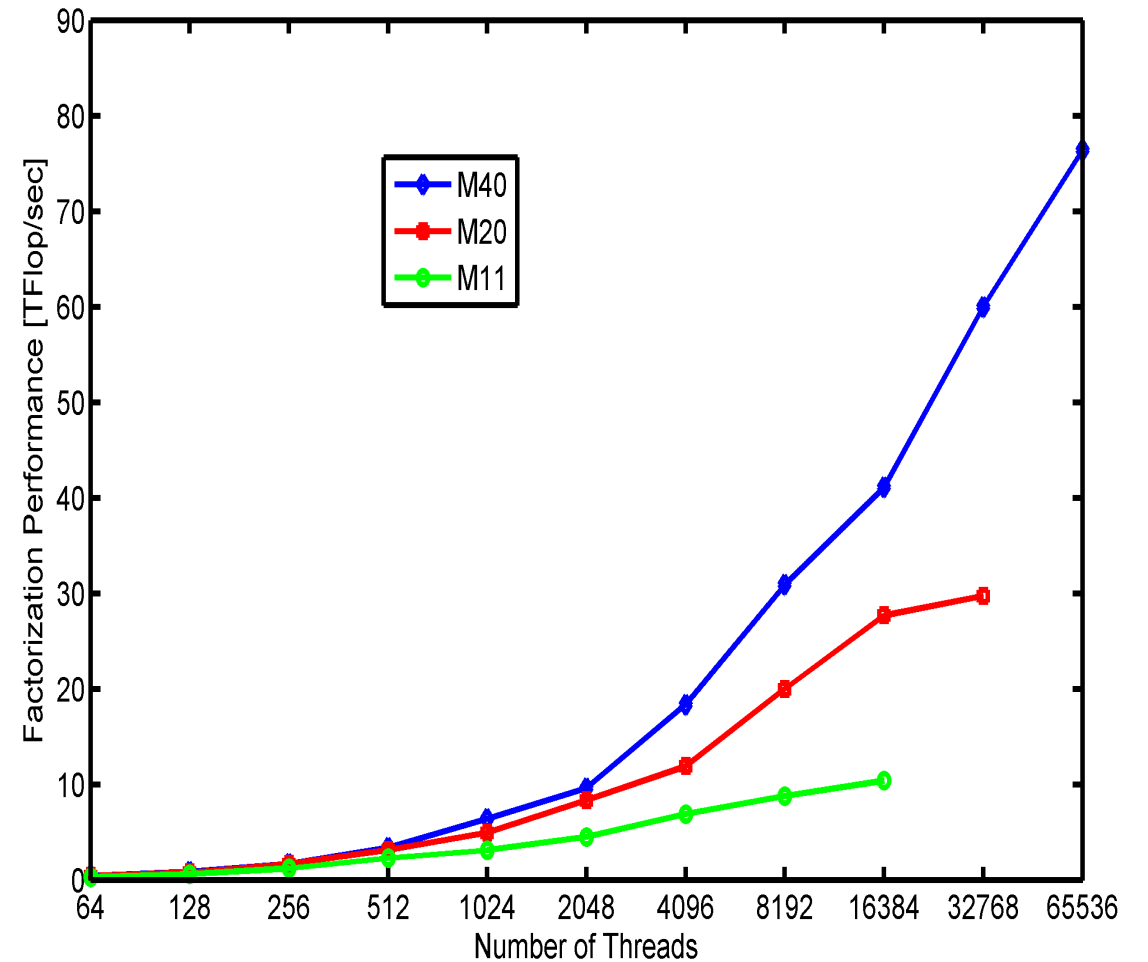
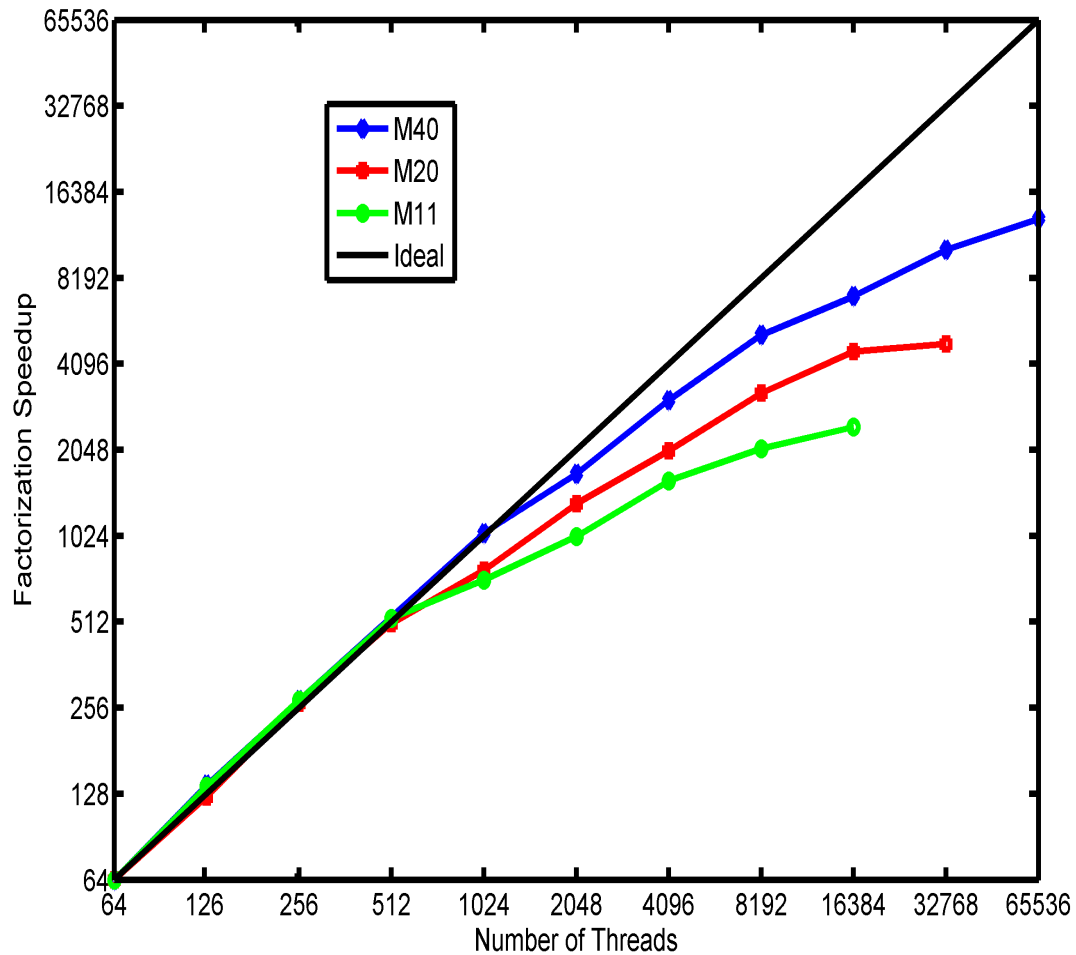
# FEA Test Problems



	MODEL	N	NNZ	COND
M2	rrc	2246022	175360626	5.9E+06
M11	ndemc-cac	11562627	937454416	6.8E+09
M20	rrc	20056050	1634926088	2.7E+07
M40	rrc	39979380	3290344248	5.8E+07

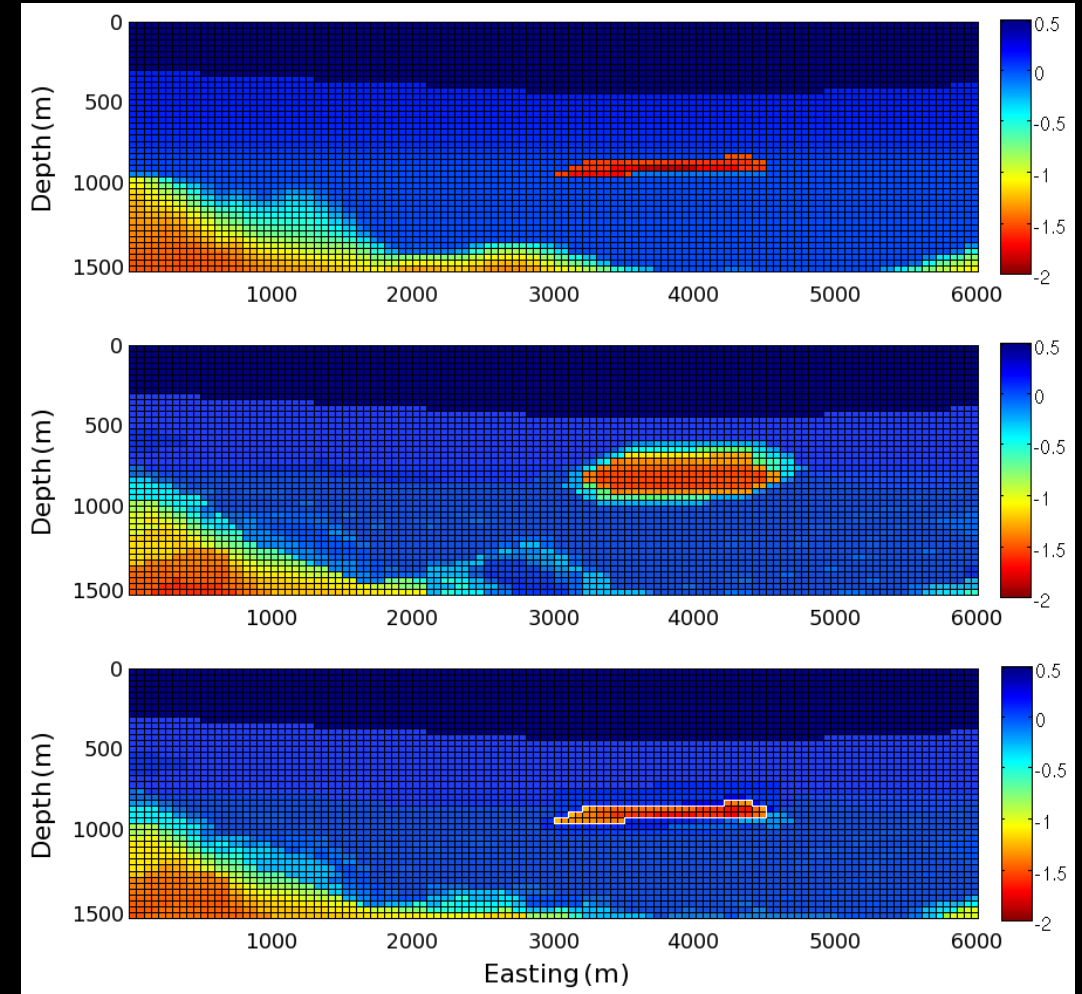


# WSMP Factorization Speedup and Performance with FEA Tests

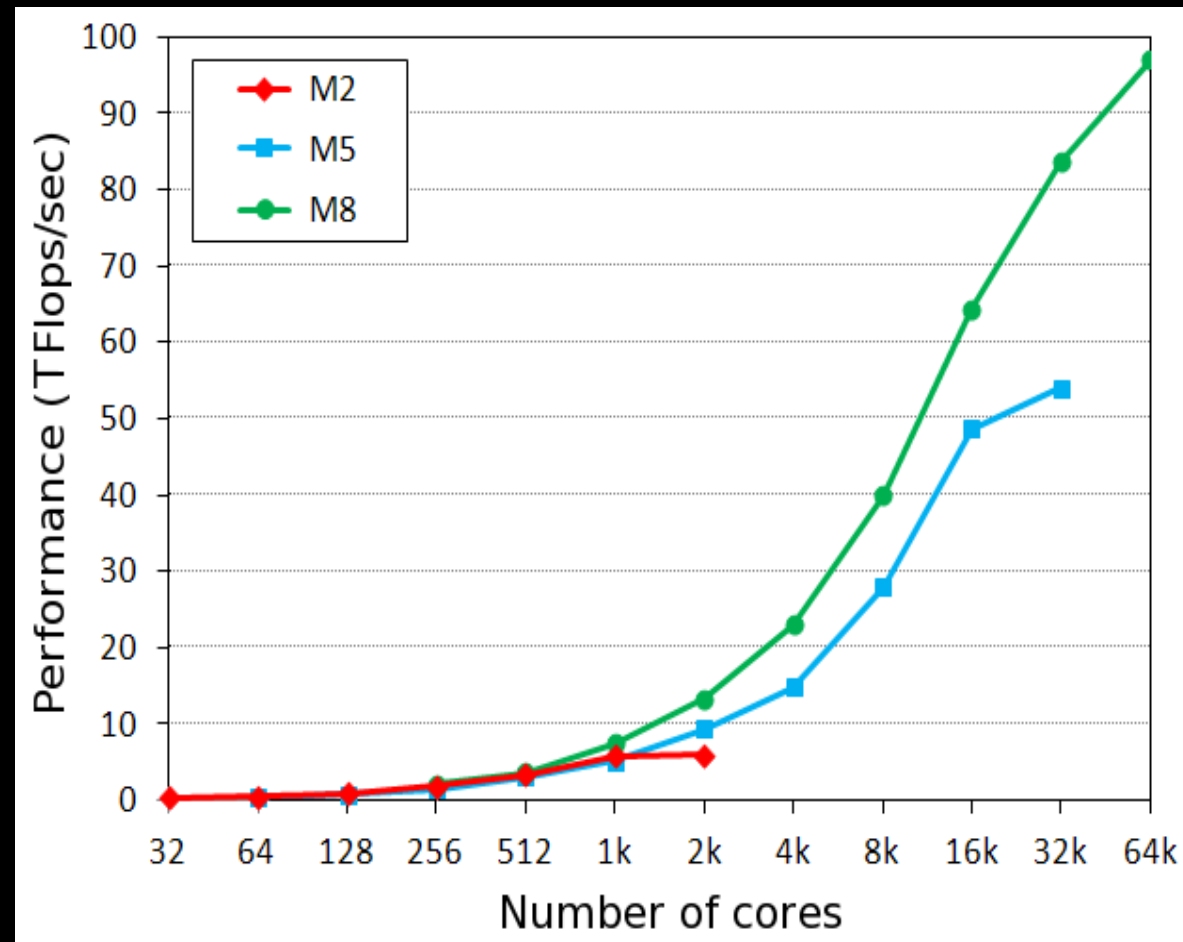
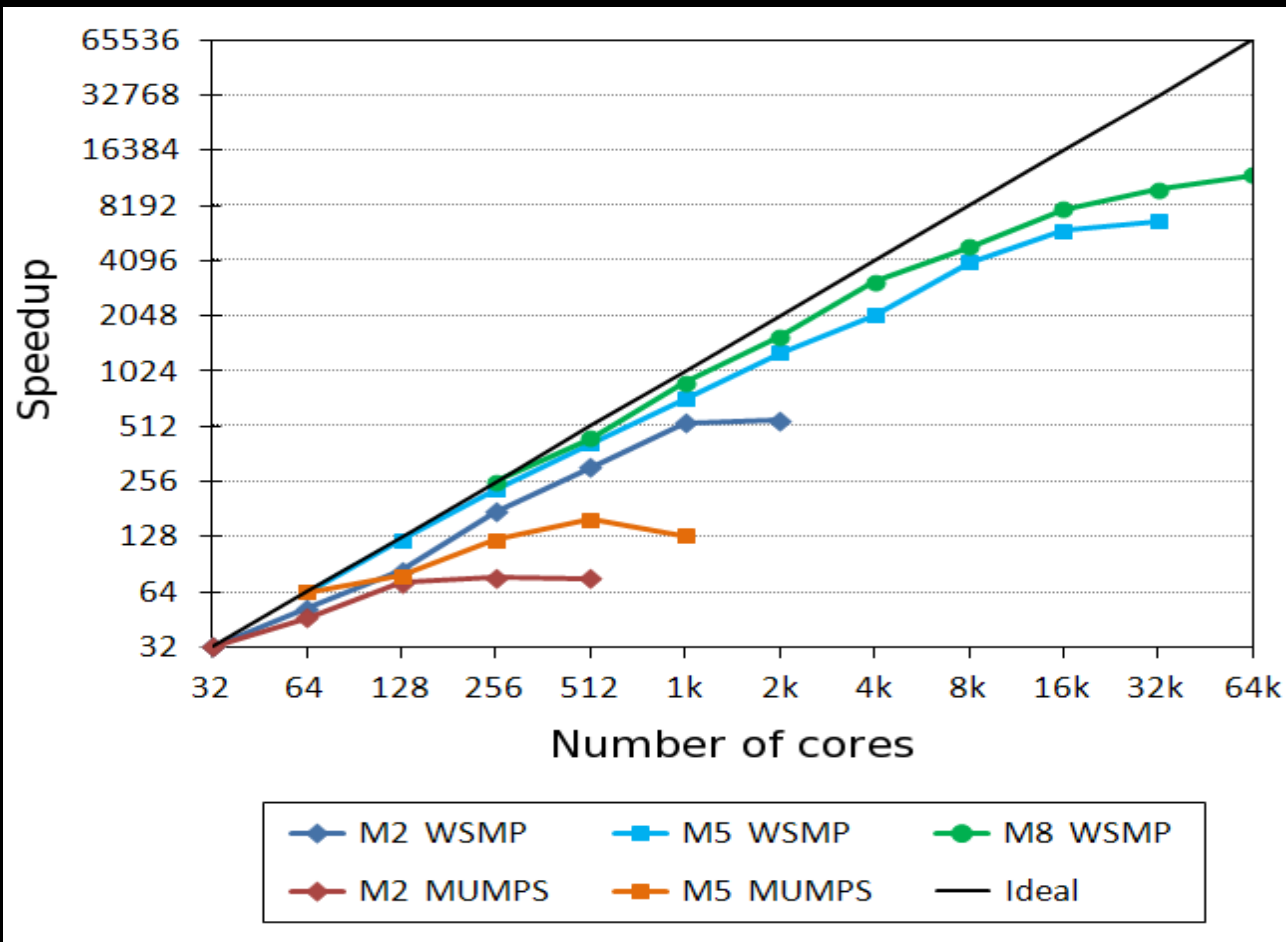


# Direct Sparse Solvers in Geophysical Applications

- A single failed drilling effort can cost the oil/gas company many millions of dollars!
- The goal of the inversion is to recover the conductivity given measurements of the electric and/or magnetic fields and characterize the geological structure
- The modeling and inversion of the three-dimensional EM data in the frequency domain requires considering many sources and frequencies.
- The computational cost is enormous and the use of HPC mandatory.
- The inversion code spent 80-90% time solving thousands of large often ill-conditioned  $Ax=b$
- Direct sparse solver methods are efficient for multisource problems with multiple RHS



# Factorization Speedup and Performance and with Geophysical Tests



# GPU Accelerated WSMP -ACCEL\_WSMP

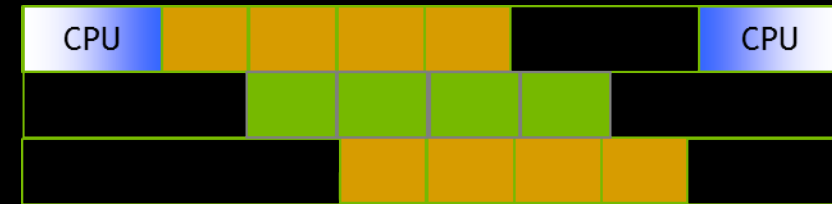
## Minimally invasive approach

Nvidia, IBM-Watson and NCSA

- Intercepting BLAS level 3 calls with large dimensions perform tiling and send them to GPU



- Use host pinned buffers to increase copy-up/copy-down speed and enable asynchronous memory copies

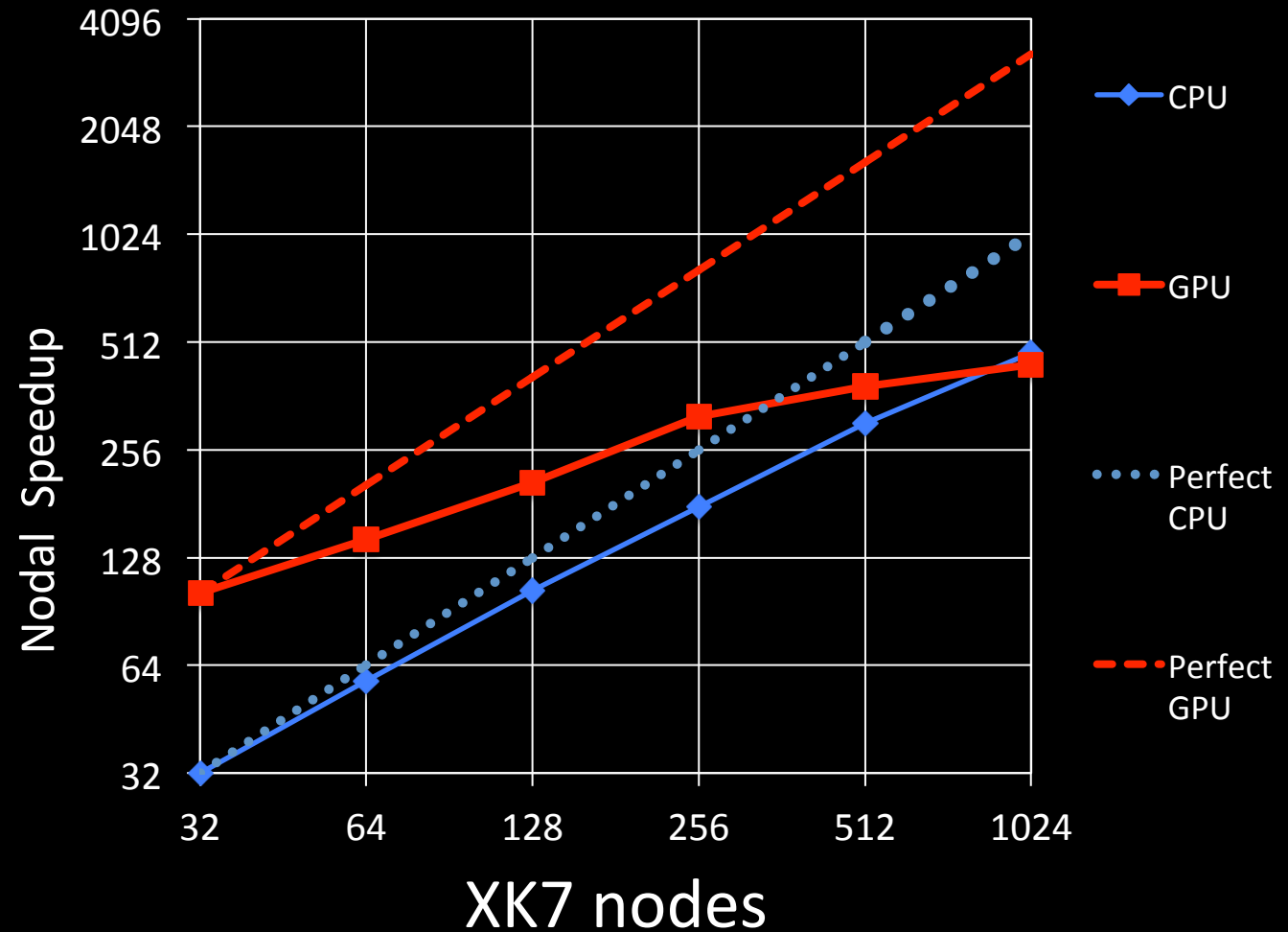


- Send small BLAS calls to the CPU

- Can be used with ANY application, not just WSMP

# Speedup of GPU Accelerated WSMP

- The GPU acceleration can beneficially scale to more than 512 nodes of Blue Waters (relevant scale for majority of GPU clusters in production)
- Wider scale acceleration on GPUs is hampered by work imbalance due to larger block size on GPU and limited PCIe communication between the GPU and CPU
- Working on improvements: block size adjustments to improve work balance, hiding MPI + PCIe latencies, applying GPU-aware MPI, etc.



- The NCSA Private Sector Program's core mission is to help its partner community gain a competitive edge through expert use of cutting edge, high-performance digital and human resources
- Blue Waters can tackle a very wide range of challenging tasks from industry demonstrating the feasibility of efficiently solving large size real world multi-physics or geophysics problems with high fidelity both with commercial and in-house codes
- This is increasingly important work for the US industry and economy, since the scale of computing used in the cutting edge HPC systems, such as Blue Waters, is approximately 5 years ahead of that used by the leading industrial adopter

Special THANKS goes to NSF, The Blue Waters Project Team, Cray, Rolls Royce, Procter and Gamble, Caterpillar, Ansys Inc., LSTC, IBM-Watson, Nvidia, Barcelona Supercomputing Center and other partners (NDA)

